The attachfile package*

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Abstract

This package defines an **\attachfile** command that lets you attach arbitrary files to a PDF document. These files are embedded right in the PDF file, so they get transmitted along with it. The package also gives you control over the corresponding icon's properties and various other associated metadata.

Contents

1	Intr	roduction	2
2	Use 2.1 2.2	Commands	3 4
3	Cav	reats	7
4	Imp 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Sanity checking Sanity checking Preliminaries Adobe Acrobat icons Helper routines Annotation option processing Author commands Dummy commands	8 9 9 11 15 17
5	Fut	ure work	19
\mathbf{R}	efere	nces	20
In	dex		21

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1 Introduction

PDF, Adobe's Portable Document Format, is a common way to distribute documents that look the same on all platforms and output devices. Beginning with PDF version 1.3, PDF supports "file attachment annotations". These are arbitrary auxiliary files that get embedded directly into the PDF document, just like attachments in an e-mail message.

The attachfile package gives pdfLATEX users the ability to add these attachments to their documents automatically. And because LATEX is a markup language, not a WYSIWYG tool, the user has precise control over the location of the file attachment icons. If an icon representing an attached spreadsheet file is placed next to a figure, the icon will move along with the figure whenever the document is modified. Furthermore, it is possible to define global properties for all the file attachments in a document. With one command, a user can change the properties of all the icons in the entire document.

Finally, one nifty feature that attachfile supports is the ability to use your own icons, which can be text, graphics, tables, mathematics—you name it! With this feature, a PDF file can, for example, instruct the reader to click on a formula to extract the Mathematica notebook that derived it. Or to click on a graph to extract the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that contains all the data that was plotted. The possiblities are endless.

Okay, let's get down to business. Here are some sample file attachments, so you can see if your PDF viewer is able to handle them:

```
Icon: (Should look like this: )

LATEX text: attachfile.bib (Should look like this: attachfile.bib)
```

Each of the above points to the BibTeX bibliography (a plain text file) for the document you're reading now. Try extracting the attachment. In Adobe Acrobat, this is achieved by right-clicking on the icon and choosing "Extract File...". You can also double-click to open the file immediately. If you're unable to access the attached file, or you observe miscellaneous strange behavior, your PDF viewer might not be cabable of handling file attachments properly. See Section 3 for some PDF viewer problems I encountered while testing attachfile.

2 User interface

Load attachfile by putting a \usepackage{attachfile} in your document's preamble. attachfile implicitly loads a variety of other packages. Section 3 presents the complete list.

attachfile v1.2 does not have any of its own package options; any options that get passed to attachfile are forwarded to hyperref. Because hyperref works best when loaded as one of the last packages in the document, the same holds true for attachfile.

2.1 Commands

The following are the commands that attachfile makes available for attaching files, customizing the icon appearance, and changing various file attachment metadata.

\attachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$ $\{\langle filename \rangle\}$

The \attachfile macro, has only one required argument: the name of the file to attach. \attachfile will insert an icon at the current point in the document to represent the attachment. $\langle options \rangle$ is a list of optional parameters for describing the icon and other assorted metadata. It is described in Section 2.2.

\noattachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$

When writing instructions, it is sometimes convenient to describe what a file attachment icon looks like without actually attaching a file. That's what \noattachfile is for. All it does is insert the image of a file attachment icon into the document. $\langle options \rangle$ is a list of optional parameters for describing the icon and other assorted metadata. It is described in Section 2.2. In particular, note that if the print option is set to false then \noattachfile will output empty space of the same size as the icon image.

\textattachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$ $\{\langle filename \rangle\}$ $\{\langle text \rangle\}$

\textattachfile is just like \attachfile, except that instead of using one of the predefined PDF icons, it lets you use an arbitrary piece of text to represent the attachment. The $\langle text \rangle$ parameter is not limited to text; it can contain any arbitrary horizontal material. The following are all legal uses of \textattachfile:

- You can \textattachfile{myfile.cc}{extract my source code} if your PDF viewer supports file annotations.
- It is intuitively obvious to even the most casual observer that

\textattachfile{earningsdata.csv}{\includegraphics{earnings}}

```
\notextattachfile [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle text \rangle\}
```

Just as \noattachfile is a dummy version of \attachfile, so \notextattachfile

is a dummy version of \textattachfile. All \notextattachfile does is insert $\langle text \rangle$ into the document according to $\langle options \rangle$ (described in Section 2.2). In particular, note that if the print option is set to false then \notextattachfile will output empty space of the same size as $\langle text \rangle$.

$\texttt{Attachfilesetup } \{\langle options \rangle\}$

If you find yourself passing the same set of options to multiple \attachfile calls in your document, you can use \attachfilesetup to specify default option values. \attachfilesetup's \langle options \rangle parameter is the same as that used by \attachfile and is described in Section 2.2. Some noteworthy points are:

- \attachfilesetup can be called as many times as desired. Any options specified replace the previous value of those options. All unspecified options are left alone.
- 2. Options passed to \attachfile take precedence over those specified by \attachfilesetup. This lets you define default values for all file attachments and selectively override them on a per-attachment basis.
- 3. Options set by \attachfilesetup are local to the current scope. This lets you assign defaults to a group of file attachments without affecting the global defaults. To define options that apply to the entire document, \attachfilesetup should be called at the top-level scope (which includes the document's prologue).

2.2 Options

attachfile gives the user a great deal of control over the way files are attached to a document. All the commands in Section 2.1 accept the same set of options, which are entered as comma-separated, $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ pairs. Options can be specified in any order. Case is significant. And only the options you want to change need to be specified; the others will retain their previous value (or the default, if no previous value was specified).

The following are the options attachfile accepts, in alphabetical order.

$appearance=\langle boolean \rangle$

The attachfile package normally embeds the file attachment's icon explicitly with each file attachment annotation. (In PDF-speak, it includes an appearance dictionary in the FileAttachment object.) The advantages to doing this are to ensure that:

- The file attachment icons look the same in all PDF viewers.
- TEX knows exactly how much space to allocate, instead of just guessing based on the size of the Adobe Acrobat icons.

• Pre-1.3 PDF viewers don't regress to showing an "unknown annotation type" graphic.

However, the problems with embedding the icon graphic are:

- It adds a bit of extra bulk to the PDF file.
- It takes flexibility away from the PDF viewer, which can no longer choose for itself how best to render a file attachment icon.

The appearance option gives the author the ability to prevent the icon's appearance from being specified explicitly in the PDF file. By setting appearance=false, it will be left up to the PDF viewer to decide how to display the icon.

$author=\langle text \rangle$

The metadata associated with a file attachment annotation includes the name of the person who attached the file. In Adobe Acrobat, this information is shown when one right-clicks on the file attachment icon and selects *Properties*. By default, no author is listed, but specifying author= $\langle name \rangle$ sets the author field to $\langle name \rangle$.

$color=\langle red \rangle \langle green \rangle \langle blue \rangle$

The icons inserted by \attachfile and the text inserted by \textattachfile can be any color. The color option sets this color. Each of $\langle red \rangle$, $\langle green \rangle$, and $\langle blue \rangle$ must be a decimal number between 0 (darkest) and 1 (brightest). The default is color=1 0.9255 0.7765, which is a beige.

$date=\langle text \rangle$

Every annotation in a PDF can have a timestamp indicating when the annotation was last modified. attachfile automatically adds a timestamp to file attachment annotations. It uses the time and date at which LATEX started processing your job and converts it to the form "D: YYYYMMDDHHmmSS", which is the format recommended by the PDF reference manual [1, p. 89], minus the Universal Time information.¹

The date option lets you specify the modification date and time explicitly. Note, however, that although the PDF reference manual clearly states that "viewer applications should be prepared to accept and display a string in any format" [1, p. 400], Adobe Acrobat will ignore any timestamp that is not in the recommended format and will instead show the current date and time.

¹In addition, seconds are hardwired to zero, because TEX's \time command has only minute precision.

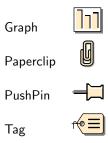


Table 1: Valid file attachment icons

$description = \langle text \rangle$

The metadata associated with a file attachment annotation can include a brief description of the file. In Adobe Acrobat, this information is shown when one right-clicks on the file attachment icon and selects *Properties*. Also, in later versions of Adobe Acrobat, the description field shows up as a tool tip when the user mouses over the attachment. By default, no description is included, but specifying $description = \langle text \rangle$ sets the description field to $\langle text \rangle$.

$subject=\langle text \rangle$

The metadata associated with a file attachment annotation can include a brief comment about the subject of the attachment. In Adobe Acrobat, this information is shown when one right-clicks on the file attachment icon and selects *Properties*. By default, no subject is included, but specifying $\mathtt{subject=}\langle text \rangle$ sets the subject field to $\langle text \rangle$.

$icon=\langle name \rangle$

PDF 1.3 defines four icons that can be used for file attachments: Graph, Paperclip, PushPin, and Tag. These are shown in Table 1. If no icon name is specified, PushPin is assumed. While the PDF specifications say that, normally, a PDF viewer chooses how to display each of those, the attachfile package specifies the appearance explicitly. This is what Adobe Acrobat does, presumably because doing so ensures that viewers which don't support file attachment annotations can still display something reasonable. The tradeoff is that it slightly increases the size of the PDF file.

$\texttt{mimetype=}\langle type\rangle$

It is considered good practice to specify the MIME type [2] of each attached file. That way, a PDF viewer can automatically launch an appropriate application to process the file. $\langle type \rangle$ should be the form " $\langle type \rangle / \langle subtype \rangle$ ". For instance, a plain text file would be specified with "mimetype=text/plain". An MPEG movie

would be specified with "mimetype=video/mpeg". The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority maintains a list of registered media types [3], so look there first to see what type to use for a given file.

$print=\langle boolean \rangle$

By default, file annotation icons print along with the rest of the document. By setting print=false, the icons will not print. Note that in Adobe Acrobat, annotations will *never* print unless the Annotations box is checked in the Print dialog.

$timezone=\langle offset \rangle$

Because T_EX doesn't make the current timezone available, attachfile is unable to include timezone information when it timestamps a file attachment. The timezone option lets you manually specify the timezone. $\langle offset \rangle$ is the offset from Universal Time (a.k.a. GMT) and should be in the format specified in the PDF reference manual [1], namely:

- $+\langle HH \rangle$ ' $\langle mm \rangle$ ' $\langle HH \rangle$ hours, $\langle mm \rangle$ minutes later than Universal Time (i.e., east of Greenwich, England)
- $-\langle HH \rangle$ ' $\langle mm \rangle$ ' $\langle HH \rangle$ hours, $\langle mm \rangle$ minutes earlier than Universal Time (i.e., west of Greenwich, England)
 - Z Universal Time (i.e., at the same longitude as Greenwich, England)

For example, U.S. Central Time would be specified with timezone=-06'00'.

$zoom=\langle boolean \rangle$

Normally, when a reader magnifies or reduces the view of the PDF document, the file annotation icons change size proportionally with the text. By setting zoom=false, the icon size does not scale.

The defaults for all of the options described above are summarized in Table 2.

3 Caveats

Note that there are a few caveats you should be aware of:

1. attachfile will not run unless the following LATEX packages are installed: calc, keyval, color, hyperref, and ifpdf.

Option	Default setting
appearance	true
author	none
color	1 0.9255 0.7765
date	automatic
description	none
subject	none
icon	PushPin
mimetype	none
print	true
timezone	none
zoom	true

Table 2: Default values for all options

- 2. File attachments are a PDF 1.3 feature. They will not be visible in PDF viewers that do support PDF 1.3. (Version 4.0 of Adobe Acrobat is the first version of that program which does.)
- 3. Even some viewers that purportedly support PDF 1.3 don't support file attachments. As far as I can tell, Adobe Acrobat Reader (the free, view-only version of Adobe Acrobat) doesn't seem to support *any* annotations except text annotations.
- 4. Even some viewers that do support PDF 1.3 and file attachments don't support them under all circumstances. For instance, the Windows version of Adobe Acrobat, when functioning as a Web-browser plug-in, gives an error message² when a file attachment icon is activated.
- 5. Even in circumstances where file attachments are supported, the support may be flawed. For example, the Windows version of Adobe Acrobat changes a custom icon to the default icon when it's selected.

In addition, attachfile requires pdfLaTeX version 0.14 or later. While there are many other ways to produce PDF files from LaTeX source, attachfile v1.2 supports only pdfLaTeX, and only versions 0.14+.

Even given all of those caveats, file attachments can be a useful way to pass additional information along with a PDF file. The attachfile package makes file annotations automatic and easy.

4 Implementation

This section contains the complete source code for attachfile. Most users will not get much out of it, but it should be of use to those who need more precise

 $^{^2\,\}mbox{``Launching embedded files from within a browser environment is not allowed".}$

documentation and those who want to extend the attachfile package.

```
1 (*package)
```

4.1 Sanity checking

attachfile v1.2 requires pdfIATEX (and at least version 0.14, although attachfile no longer checks for that). (Future versions of attachfile may support dvipdfm, dvips with pdfmarks, VTEX, etc.) Also, pdfIATEX must be in PDF-generating mode, not DVI-generating mode. So, to save the user some aggravation, we check for the correct backend right up front and give a warning if all is not well. Later, in Section 4.7, we replace all of the core attachfile macros with dummy versions so IATEX can at least run to completion.

```
2 \RequirePackage{ifpdf}
3 \ifpdf
4 \else
5 \PackageWarningNoLine{attachfile}{%
6 attachfile works _only_ with pdfLaTeX and _only_ in\MessageBreak
7 PDF-generating mode. For this run, placeholders will\MessageBreak
8 be substituted for all attachfile commands.}
9 \fi
```

4.2 Preliminaries

We need to load hyperref to get our hands on that great \pdfstringdef macro. For now, we blindly pass all our package options directly to hyperref. In the future, it would be nice to do a \setkeys{AtFi} on our options.

```
10 \RequirePackage{keyval}
11 \RequirePackage{calc}
12 \RequirePackage{color}
13 \RequirePackageWithOptions{hyperref}
```

4.3 Adobe Acrobat icons

The following macros draw a representation of the various icons that Adobe Acrobat³ inserts to represent what the PDF 1.3 specifications refer to as "Graph," "Paperclip," "PushPin," and "Tag". The \parbox dimensions are taken directly from the original graphics' bounding box. However, I just eyeballed the \raisebox heights (intended to put shadows below the baseline).

\atfi@acroGraph@data

Recreate Adobe Acrobat's Graph icon.

```
14 \newcommand{\atfi@acroGraph@data}{%}

15         q 0.5 g 1.1133 0 20.7202 18.2754 re f 1 g 0 G 0 i 0.5 w 4 M

16         0.25 1.6453 20.145 17.7715 re B 0 g 2.7319 4.1367 3.9571

17         13.8867 re f 8.7031 4.1367 3.9571 9.8867 re f 14.7471 4.1367

18         3.9571 11.8867 re f \atfi@color@rgb\space rg 1.689 3.0938
```

 $^{^3\}mathrm{I}$ got these graphics specifically from the Windows version of Adobe Acrobat 4.0.

```
3.0938 3.9571 11.8867 re f Q
                          21 }
         \atfi@acroGraph Draw \atfi@acroGraph@data in a box of the appropriate size.
                          22 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroGraph}{%
                              \raisebox{-1.5bp}{\parbox[b][20bp]{22bp}{%
                                \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroGraph@data}}%
                          24
                          25
                          26 }
\atfi@acroPaperclip@data
                          Recreate Adobe Acrobat's Paperclip icon.
                          27 \newcommand{\atfi@acroPaperclip@data}{%
                             q 0.75 G 0 i 2.5 w 1 J 4 M 1.9619 11.7559 m 1.9619 3.3037
                              1.9619 2.5059 v 1.9619 1.707 4.0947 1.25 y 7.4141 1.25 1 9.4292
                          30 1.8223 9.4292 3.3066 v 9.4292 4.79 9.4292 16.8945 y 9.7852
                          31 18.1514 8.481 18.1514 v 7.1768 18.1514 5.1616 18.1514 y 3.8574
                          32 17.9209 3.8574 16.8945 v 3.8574 15.8652 3.8574 6.6172 y 4.3325
                          33 5.418 5.1025 5.418 v 5.8726 5.418 6.5845 5.418 y 7.6812 5.6455
                          34 7.6812 6.4736 v 7.6812 7.3027 7.6812 11.5264 v S O G 1.2495
                          35 12.4404 m 1.2495 3.9883 1.2495 3.1895 v 1.2495 2.3906 3.3833
                             1.9326 y 6.7026 1.9326 1 8.7178 2.5068 8.7178 3.9902 v 8.7178
                          36
                          37
                              5.4736 8.7178 17.5781 y 9.0732 18.834 7.769 18.834 v 6.4653
                          38
                              18.834 4.4497 18.834 y 3.146 18.6055 3.146 17.5781 v 3.146
                              16.5498 3.146 7.3018 y 3.6201 6.1016 4.3911 6.1016 v 5.1611
                              6.1016 5.873 6.1016 y 6.9692 6.3301 6.9692 7.1572 v 6.9692
                          40
                             7.9863 6.9692 12.21 y S \atfi@color@rgb\space RG 1 w
                          41
                             1.2495 12.4404 m 1.2495 3.9883 1.2495 3.1895 v 1.2495 2.3906
                          42
                          43 3.3833 1.9326 y 6.7026 1.9326 1 8.7178 2.5068 8.7178 3.9902 v
                          44 8.7178 5.4736 8.7178 17.5781 y 9.0732 18.834 7.769 18.834 v
                          45 6.4653 18.834 4.4497 18.834 y 3.146 18.6055 3.146 17.5781 v
                          46 3.146 16.5498 3.146 7.3018 y 3.6201 6.1016 4.3911 6.1016 v
                             5.1611 6.1016 5.873 6.1016 y 6.9692 6.3301 6.9692 7.1572 v
                          48 6.9692 7.9863 6.9692 12.21 y S Q
                          49 }
                         Draw \atfi@acroPaperclip@data in a box of the appropriate size.
     \atfi@acroPaperclip
                          50 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroPaperclip}{%
                              \raisebox{-1.25bp}{\parbox[b][21bp]{12bp}{%
                                \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroPaperclip@data}}%
                          52
                              }%
                          53
                          54 }
  \atfi@acroPushPin@data Recreate Adobe Acrobat's PushPin icon.
                          55 \newcommand{\atfi@acroPushPin@data}{%
                          ^{56} q \atfi@color@rgb\space rg 0 G 1 w 1 6 m 11 6 l 11 13 l 12
                             13 1 14 11 1 21 11 1 22 12 1 23 12 1 23 2 1 22 2 1 21 3 1 14 3
                             1 12 1 1 11 1 1 11 6 1 B 0.5 G 0 7 m 10 7 1 10 8 1 1 8 1 S 1 G
                             12 12 m 14 10 1 22 10 1 22 11 1 S Q
                          60 }
```

3.9571 13.8867 re f 7.6602 3.0938 3.9571 9.8867 re f 13.7041

```
\atfi@acroPushPin Draw \atfi@acroPushPin@data in a box of the appropriate size.
                                        61 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroPushPin}{%
                                                 \arraycolored 
                                        62
                                                      \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroPushPin@data}}%
                                        63
                                        64
                                        65 }
                                        Recreate Adobe Acrobat's Tag icon.
\atfi@acroTag@data
                                        66 \newcommand{\atfi@acroTag@data}{%
                                                 q 0.5 g 10.0542 14.9873 m 24.27 14.9873 l 25.252 14.0059 l
                                                 25.252 1.1455 1 24.1064 0 1 9.9609 0 1 6.0327 6.0088 1 6.0327
                                        68
                                        69
                                                 9.002 1 10.0542 14.9873 1 9.3994 9.376 m 8.5215 9.376 7.8096
                                        70
                                                8.5596 7.8096 7.5527 c 7.8096 6.5449 8.5215 5.7285 9.3994
                                                 5.7285 c 10.2778 5.7285 10.9897 6.5449 10.9897 7.5527 c 10.9897
                                        71
                                                8.5596 10.2778 9.376 9.3994 9.376 c h f
                                        72
                                               \atfi@color@rgb\space rg 0 G 0 i 0.5 w 4 M 1 j 8.5107
                                        73
                                               16.5313 m 22.7266 16.5313 1 23.7085 15.5488 1 23.7085 2.6895 1
                                        74
                                        75 22.563 1.543 1 8.4175 1.543 1 4.4893 7.5527 1 4.4893 10.5449 1
                                        76 8.5107 16.5313 1 7.856 10.9199 m 6.978 10.9199 6.2661 10.1035
                                        77 6.2661 9.0957 c 6.2661 8.0879 6.978 7.2715 7.856 7.2715 c
                                        78 8.7344 7.2715 9.4463 8.0879 9.4463 9.0957 c 9.4463 10.1035
                                        79 8.7344 10.9199 7.856 10.9199 c h B 1 w 12.3291 12.2656 m
                                        80 21.1206 12.2656 1 S 12.3291 9.1797 m 21.1206 9.1797 1 S 12.3291
                                        81 6.1875 m 21.1206 6.1875 l S O G 0.5 w O 9.0488 m 6.2661 9.0957
                                        82 1 S 1.4028 5.2148 m 1.4028 9.6094 1 1.6831 10.6387 2.4316
                                        83 10.6387 v 3.6475 10.6387 3.5542 9.0488 y S Q
                                        84 }
          \atfi@acroTag Draw \atfi@acroTag@data in a box of the appropriate size.
                                        85 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroTag}{%
                                                 \arraycolsep=0.6bp}{\operatorname{parbox[b][17bp]{25bp}{%}}}
                                        87
                                                      \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroTag@data}}%
                                                 }%
                                        88
                                        89 }
                                                      Helper routines
                                        4.4
 \atfi@temp@string
                                        This is the same as \pdfstringdef, except that it locally defines its argument. For
                                        those of you who like analogies, \atfi@pdfstringdef is to \def as \pdfstringdef
\atfi@pdfstringdef
                                        is to \gdef.
                                        90 \def\atfi@temp@string{}
                                        91 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@pdfstringdef}[2]{\%}
                                                 \pdfstringdef\atfi@temp@string{#2}%
                                        93
                                                 \edef#1{\atfi@temp@string}%
                                        94 }
```

Embed a file as a PDF EmbeddedFile object and store its object number in

\theatfi@embedfileobj

\atfi@embedfile atfi@embedfileobj.

```
95 \newcounter{atfi@embedfileobj}
96 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@embedfile}[1]{%
97 \immediate\pdfobj stream attr {
98    /Type /EmbeddedFile
99    \atfi@mimetype
100    } file {#1}%
101    \setcounter{atfi@embedfileobj}{\pdflastobj}%
102 }
```

\atfi@appearancewidth \atfi@appearanceheight \atfi@appearancedepth \theatfi@appearanceobj \atfi@appearancebox Each PDF annotation can an associated "appearance". In the attachfile package, we store the appearance with the \atfi@set@appearance macro (below). As a side effect, \atfi@set@appearance stores the dimensions of its argument in \atfi@appearancewidth, \atfi@appearanceheight, and \atfi@appearanceddepth so that, later, we can allocate an appropriate amount of space for the file attachment icon to fit within. atfi@appearanceobj is the object number of the appearance XObject, and \atfi@appearancebox is a temporary storage location for the TEX box that will get converted to an XObject.

```
103 \newlength{\atfi@appearancewidth}
104 \newlength{\atfi@appearanceheight}
105 \newlength{\atfi@appearancedepth}
106 \newcounter{atfi@appearanceobj}
107 \newsavebox{\atfi@appearancebox}
```

\atfi@set@appearance

Store the argument as a PDF XObject, for later referral by the file annotation's appearance dictionary. This serves two purposes:

- 1. It enables a T_EX box with arbitrary contents to serve as the file attachment icon.
- 2. It enables (generally, older) PDF viewers which don't recognize the icon name to still display something meaningful.

```
\savebox{\atfi@appearancebox}{#1}%
                    109
                         \settowidth{\atfi@appearancewidth}{\usebox{\atfi@appearancebox}}%
                    110
                         \settoheight{\atfi@appearanceheight}{\usebox{\atfi@appearancebox}}%
                    111
                         \settodepth{\atfi@appearancedepth}{\usebox{\atfi@appearancebox}}%
                    112
                    113
                         \immediate\pdfxform attr {
                            /Subtype /Form
                    114
                         } \atfi@appearancebox
                    115
                    116
                         \setcounter{atfi@appearanceobj}{\pdflastxform}%
                    117 }
\atfi@flags@to@int Convert all our flag options from booleans into a single integer (atfi@flags).
    \verb|\theatfi@flags||_{118} \\ \verb|\newcounter{atfi@flags}||
                    119 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@flags@to@int}{%
                         \setcounter{atfi@flags}{0}%
                    120
                         \ifatfi@print
                    121
                    122
                            \addtocounter{atfi@flags}{4}%
                    123
                         \fi%
```

108 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@set@appearance}[1]{%

```
124 \ifatfi@zoom
125 \else
126 \addtocounter{atfi@flags}{8}%
127 \fi%
128 }
```

\atfi@insert@file@annot \atfi@file

Insert a PDF FileAttachment annotation that refers to the object created by \atfi@embedfile. TEX doesn't normally "see" a \pdfannot, so we have to explicitly allocate space for it. \atfi@insert@file@annot takes one argument, the name of the file to attach. This should be the same value that was passed to \atfi@embedfile.

```
129 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@insert@file@annot}[1]{%
130 \rule{0pt}{0pt}%
131 \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@file{#1}%
132 \ifatfi@appearance
```

We currently use the same appearance for Normal, Rollover, and Down, although future versions of attachfile may provide support for different appearances. Although the PDF PDF specification claims that R and D appearances default to the N appearance, experience dictates otherwise. Hence, we explicitly specify all three appearances.

```
\def\atfi@appearance@dict{%
133
         /AP <<
134
135
            /N \theatfi@appearanceobj\space 0 R
            /R \theatfi@appearanceobj\space 0 R
136
137
            /D \theatfi@appearanceobj\space 0 R
138
         >>%
       }%
139
140
     \fi%
141
     \pdfannot width \atfi@appearancewidth
142
                height \atfi@appearanceheight
                depth \atfi@appearancedepth {
143
        /Subtype /FileAttachment
144
       \atfi@icon\space
145
        \atfi@color\space
146
147
        \atfi@author\space
148
        \atfi@date\space
        \atfi@description\space
149
        \atfi@subject\space
150
        \atfi@appearance@dict\space
151
152
       /F \theatfi@flags\space
       /FS <<
153
154
         /Type /Filespec
         /F (\atfi@file)
155
         /EF <<
156
157
            /F \theatfi@embedfileobj\space 0 R
158
       >>
159
     }%
160
```

Now, so TEX can budget space for the annotation, we insert some zero-width rules into the document.

```
161 \rule{0pt}{\atfi@appearanceheight}%
162 \rule[-\atfi@appearancedepth]{0pt}{\atfi@appearancedepth}%
163 \rule{\atfi@appearancewidth}{0pt}%
164 }
```

\atfi@attachfile

This macro does all the work of the \attachfile author command. \attachfile began a group in which most special characters are set to category code "other". \atti@attachfile reads the filename within this group, embeds the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and places an icon at the current location. Then, it ends the group, thereby restoring the original category codes.

```
165 \def\atfi@attachfile#1#2{%
166 \setkeys{AtFi}{#1}%
167 \atfi@embedfile{#2}%
168 \atfi@set@appearance{\csname atfi@acro\atfi@icon@icon\endcsname}%
169 \atfi@flags@to@int%
170 \atfi@insert@file@annot{#2}%
171 \endgroup
172 }
```

\atfi@textattachfile

All this macro does is evaluate its second argument (a filename) within the group begun by \textattachfile then pass control to \atfi@textattachfile@i, which does all the work. \atfi@textattachfile is needed to force the filename to be evaluated while special characters are set to use category code "other".

```
173 \def\atfi@textattachfile#1#2{%
174 \endgroup
175 \atfi@textattachfile@i{#1}{#2}%
176 }
```

\atfi@textattachfile@i \atfi@textcolor This macro does all the work of the \textattachfile author command. Given a filename, some arbitrary text, and an optional set of attachment options, embed the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and use the text as the icon. We recycle the icon color for the text. Note that the \strut is a bug workaround; I don't know whose fault this is, but the bottom point or so of the text seems to get cut off. Weird.

```
177 \def\atfi@textattachfile@i#1#2#3{%
       \setkeys{AtFi}{#1}%
178
179
       \atfi@embedfile{#2}%
180
       \def\atfi@textcolor(##1 ##2 ##3)##4{%
         \textcolor[rgb]{##1,##2,##3}{##4}}%
181
       \atfi@set@appearance{%
182
183
         \expandafter\atfi@textcolor\expandafter
184
          (\atfi@color@rgb){#3\strut}}%
185
       \atfi@flags@to@int
       \atfi@insert@file@annot{#2}%
186
187
     \endgroup
188 }
```

4.5 Annotation option processing

We start by defining the various options that \attachfile accepts and their default values.

\atfi@mimetype Declare the MIME type of the attached file. For example, "text/plain" would specify that the attachment is an ordinary text file.

```
189 \def\atfi@mimetype{}
190 \define@key{AtFi}{mimetype}{%
    \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@mimetype{#1}%
     \edef\atfi@mimetype{/Subtype (\atfi@mimetype)}%
192
193 }
```

\atfi@icon@icon

\atfi@icon Specify an icon to represent the attachment. This should be one of Graph, Paperclip, PushPin (the default), or Tag. \atfi@icon is an attribute/value pair that gets inserted directly into the file attachment object. \atfi@icon@icon is only the icon name itself and is used to insert a static graphic that represents Adobe Acrobat's rendition of a file attachment icon.

```
194 \define@key{AtFi}{icon}{%
     \def\atfi@icon{/Name /#1}%
195
     \def\atfi@icon@icon{#1}%
196
197 }
198 \setkeys{AtFi}{icon=PushPin}
```

\atfi@color@rgb

\atfi@color Specify the color of the attachment icon as an RGB triplet. For example, "0 0.3 0" would be a fairly dark green. \atfi@color is an attribute/value pair that gets inserted directly into the file attachment object. It defaults to the empty string, which means the PDF viewer gets to choose what color the icon should be. \atfi@color@rgb is only the RGB triplet itself and is used to insert a static graphic that represents Adobe Acrobat's rendition of a file attachment icon. It defaults to a beige color.

```
199 \define@key{AtFi}{color}{%
     \def\atfi@color{/C [#1]}%
200
     \def\atfi@color@rgb{#1}%
201
202 }
203 \setkeys{AtFi}{color=1 0.9255 0.7765}
```

\atfi@author Specify the author of the annotation. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you rightclick on the annotation and choose *Properties*.

```
204 \left( \frac{1}{204} \right)
205 \define@key{AtFi}{author}[]{%
     \edef\atfi@author{/T (#1)}%
207 }
```

\atfi@pad@ii Pad a number to exactly two digits. This is used by \atfi@date (below).

```
208 \def\atfi@pad@ii#1{%
     \ifnum#1>9
209
       \the#1%
210
```

```
\else
211
        0\the#1%
212
     \fi%
213
214 }
```

\atfi@timezone

Specify the timezone to attach to the file modification date. It would be awfully nice if T_FX had some way to produce this automatically. (Does it?)

```
215 \def\atfi@timezone{}
216 \define@key{AtFi}{timezone}{\def\atfi@timezone{#1}}
```

\atfi@time \c@atfi@hours \theatfi@hours \c@atfi@minutes \atfi@date

The date the annotation was last modified. It's unlikely you'd want to specify this explicitly in your LATEX document, but if you want to, you can. Seconds are hardwired to zero, and the time zone must be manually specified. (I don't believe TFX makes either of those available.) Note that \time is stored in \atfi@time in case the minutes roll over during the time calculations. I was too lazy to do the same for \day, \month, and \year, so don't process your LATEX document at midnight if you want to get a correct datestamp.

```
217 \edf\atfi@time{\times}
218 \newcounter{atfi@hours}
219 \setcounter{atfi@hours}{\atfi@time/60}
220 \newcounter{atfi@minutes}
221 \setcounter{atfi@minutes}{\atfi@time-\theatfi@hours*60}
222 \def\atfi@date{%
223
     /M (D:\the\year%
224
         \atfi@pad@ii\month%
         \atfi@pad@ii\day%
225
         \atfi@pad@ii\c@atfi@hours%
226
         \atfi@pad@ii\c@atfi@minutes
227
         00%
228
         \atfi@timezone)%
229
230 }
231 \define@key{AtFi}{date}{%
     \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@date{#1}%
     \edef\atfi@date{/M (\atfi@date)}%
233
234 }
```

\atfi@description

Store the annotation's description. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you right-click on the annotation and choose *Properties*. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once you "Rescan Document".

```
235 \def\atfi@description{}
236 \define@key{AtFi}{description}{%
     \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@description{#1}%
     \edef\atfi@description{/Contents (\atfi@description)}%
238
239 }
```

\atfi@subject Store the annotation's subject. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you right-click on the annotation and choose *Properties*. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once you "Rescan Document".

```
240 \def\atfi@subject{}
241 \define@key{AtFi}{subject}{%
     \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@subject{#1}%
     \edef\atfi@subject{/Subj (\atfi@subject)}%
243
244 }
```

\atfi@printtrue \atfi@printfalse

\ifatfi@print By default, file annotation icons print along with the rest of the document. (In Adobe Acrobat, that's the case if and only if the Annotations box is checked in the Print dialog.) By setting print=false, the icons will not print.

```
245 \newif\ifatfi@print
246 \atfi@printtrue
247 \define@key{AtFi}{print}[true]{\csname atfi@print#1\endcsname}
```

\atfi@zoomfalse fication.

\ifatfi@zoom By default, file annotation icons zoom along with the rest of the document. By \atfi@zoomtrue setting zoom=false, the icons will remain at a constant size, regardless of magni-

```
248 \newif\ifatfi@zoom
249 \atfi@zoomtrue
```

250 \define@key{AtFi}{zoom}[true]{\csname atfi@zoom#1\endcsname}

\ifatfi@appearance \atfi@appearancetrue \atfi@appearancefalse \atfi@appearance@dict The attachfile package normally embeds an icon graphic in each file attachment annotation's appearance dictionary. By setting appearance=false, no appearance dictionary will be added to a file attachment annotation; the PDF viewer will need to decide for itself how to display the icon.

```
251 \newif\ifatfi@appearance
252 \atfi@appearancetrue
253 \def\atfi@appearance@dict{}
254 \define@key{AtFi}{appearance}[true]{\csname atfi@appearance#1\endcsname}
```

4.6 Author commands

The commands described in this section are those available to the user writing a LATEX document. If the macros seem too simple, it's because all the work is performed by the helper routines in Section 4.4 and the option-processing routines in Section 4.5.

\attachfilesetup

Set default values for all the various annotation options.

255 \DeclareRobustCommand{\attachfilesetup}[1]{\setkeys{AtFi}{#1}}

\attachfile Given a filename and an optional set of attachment options, embed the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and place an icon at the current location. The real work is performed by \atfi@attachfile. \attachfile merely sets up the category codes in such a way as to allow filenames to contain special characters such as underscores.

```
256 \DeclareRobustCommand{\attachfile}[1][]{%
```

\begingroup 257

258 \let\do\@makeother

259 \dospecials

```
\catcode'\{=1\relax
260
        \catcode'\}=2\relax
261
        \atfi@attachfile{#1}%
262
263 }
```

\textattachfile

Given a filename, some arbitrary text, and an optional set of attachment options, embed the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and use the text as the icon. After setting up the category codes to use for processing the filename, \textattachfile passes to control to \atfi@textattachfile, which resets the category codes, and then to \atfi@textattachfile@i, which does all the work. We define two groups: one for keeping the attachment options local and one for temporarily altering category codes.

```
264 \DeclareRobustCommand{\textattachfile}[1][]{%
265
     \begingroup
266
        \begingroup
         \let\do\@makeother
267
         \dospecials
268
         \catcode'\{=1\relax
269
         \catcode'\}=2\relax
270
         \atfi@textattachfile{#1}%
271
272 }
```

\noattachfile

Insert the same icon into the document that we would for an \attachfile call. This is useful for writing documentation that instructs a user on how to deal with file attachments. \noattachfile is fairly simple; is just calls \setkeys in order to get the latest values of \atfi@con@icon and \atfi@color@rgb, and then it defers to one of \atfi@acroGraph, \atfi@acroPaperclip, \atfi@acroPushPin, or \atfi@acroTag, which do the actual rendering work.

```
273 \DeclareRobustCommand{\noattachfile}[1][]{%
274
     \begingroup
       \setkeys{AtFi}{#1}%
275
       \ifatfi@print
276
         \csname atfi@acro\atfi@icon@icon\endcsname
277
278
279
         \setbox0=\hbox{\csname atfi@acro\atfi@icon@icon\endcsname}%
         \mbox[\wd0]{}%
280
281
       \fi
     \endgroup
282
283 }
```

\notextattachfile Insert the same text into the document that we would for a \textattachfile call. This is useful for writing documentation that instructs a user on how to deal with file attachments.

```
\begingroup
285
286
     \setkeys{AtFi}{#1}%
     \ifatfi@print
287
      \def\atfi@textcolor(##1 ##2 ##3)##4{%
288
```

```
289 \textcolor[rgb]{##1,##2,##3}{##4}}%
290 \expandafter\atfi@textcolor\expandafter
291 (\atfi@color@rgb){#2\strut}%
292 \else
293 \setbox0=\hbox{#2\strut}%
294 \makebox[\wd0]{}%
295 \fi
296 \endgroup
297}
```

4.7 Dummy commands

If the author is not use pdfLATEX or not using it in PDF-generating mode, we replace the core attachfile commands with dummy versions so LATEX can at least run to completion.

```
298 \setminus \text{ifpdf} 299 \setminus \text{else}
```

\atfi@dummy@pushpin Define an empty space of approximately the same size as \atfi@acroPushPin.

\textattachfile Define a dummy \textattachfile in terms of \notextattachfile.

```
303 \DeclareRobustCommand{\textattachfile}[3][]{% 304 \notextattachfile[#1]{#3}% 305 }
```

\noattachfile Define a dummy \noattachfile in terms of \notextattachfile.

```
306 \DeclareRobustCommand{\noattachfile}[1][]{%
307 \notextattachfile[#1]{\atfi@dummy@pushpin}%
308 }
```

\attachfile Define a dummy \attachfile in terms of the dummy \noattachfile.

```
309 \DeclareRobustCommand{\attachfile}[2][]{%
310 \noattachfile[#1]%
311 }
312 \fi
313 \/package\
```

5 Future work

The following are some avenues for future work on attachfile. First, attachfile supports only pdfLATEX for generating PDF files. It would be nice if it supported all the backends that hyperref supports: dvipdfm, dvips with pdfmarks, VTEX,

and so forth. Along those same lines, a "draft" package option would be a welcome addition, for use when PDF is not the final output format.

Second, PDF supports platform-specific file attachments. That is, a file attachment icon can represent a different file when activated on Windows, Unix, or MacOS. It might be nice for attachfile to support that feature.

Finally, I'd like to see attachfile expand sometime to support *all* the various PDF annotations: Sound, Movie, Stamp, Ink, Popup, etc.

Of course, I make no promises that I'll ever do *any* of the above. attachfile was just something I wrote in my spare time, and it's unlikely I'll be able to devote another large block of time to enhance it.

References

- [1] Adobe Systems Incorporated. *PDF Reference Version 1.6.* Adobe Press, fifth edition, December 3, 2004. ISBN 0321304748. Available from http://partners.adobe.com/public/developer/en/pdf/PDFReference16.pdf.
- [2] N. Freed and N. Borenstein. Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) part two: Media types. Request for Comments (RFC) 2046, Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), Network Working Group, November 1996. Available from http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2046.txt.
- [3] Internet Assigned Numbers Authority. MIME media types. Available from http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/.

Change History

v1.0	notation 16
General: Initial version 1	\noattachfile: Modified to leave
v1.1	space on the page when
General: Completely restructured	print=false is passed as an
the .dtx file	option 18
Wrote dummy versions of all the	\notextattachfile: Created this
core macros to use in the ab-	function 18
sence of pdfLATEX running in	v1.1a
PDF-generating mode 19	General: Corrected a few stupid
\atfi@file: Added explicit	bugs 1
Rollover and Down appearances	v1.2
to work around browser bugs . 13	General: Modified so as to en-
\atfi@subject: Added support for	able filenames to contain special
specifying the subject of an an-	characters, e.g., underscores 1

Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols	\atfi@pdfstringdef
\@makeother 258, 267	0.00, 131, 191, 232, 237, 242
\{ 260, 269	$\verb \atfi@printfalse \dots \dots \underline{245} $
\} 261, 270	$\verb \atfi@printtrue \dots \dots \underline{245} $
	$\verb \atfi@set@appearance \underline{108},168,182$
\mathbf{A}	$\verb \atfi@subject \dots \dots$
Adobe Acrobat 2, 4–11, 15–17	\atfi@temp@string $\dots \dots \underline{90}$
Reader	\atfi@textattachfile <u>173</u> , 271
appearance (option) 4-5, 8	\atfi@textattachfile@i 175, <u>177</u>
\atfi@acroGraph <u>22</u>	\atfi@textcolor <u>177</u> , 288, 290
\atfi@acroGraph@data 14, 24	\atfi@time
\atfi@acroPaperclip 50	\atti@timezone
\atfi@acroPaperclip@data 27, 52	\atfi@zoomtrue
\atfi@acroPushPin 61	\attachfile
\atfi@acroPushPin@data <u>55</u> , 63	attachfile (package) 2–9, 12, 13, 17, 19, 20
\atfi@acroTag	\attachfilesetup
\atfi@appearance@dict . 133, 151, 251	author (option)
\atfi@appearancebox 103, 109-112, 115	(4)
\atfi@appearancedepth	В
103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	BibT _E X
\atfi@appearancefalse	_
\atfi@appearanceheight	C
	\c@atfi@hours
\atfi@appearanceheight	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\atfi@appearanceheight	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\c@atfi@hours 217 \c@atfi@minutes 217 calc (package) 7 color (option) 5, 8 color (package) 7 D D date (option) 5, 8
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\c@atfi@hours
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
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$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\c@atfi@hours
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\c@atfi@hours

\mathbf{G}	print 7
GMT	prevopt 8
Graph 6, 9, 15	subject 6
	prevopt 8
H	timezone 7
hyperref (package) 2, 7, 9, 19	prevopt 8
_	zoom 7
I	
icon (option) 6, 8	P
\ifatfi@appearance $132, \underline{251}$	\PackageWarningNoLine 5
\ifatfi@print 121, <u>245</u> , 276, 287	Paperclip 6, 9, 10, 15
\ifatfi@zoom 124, <u>248</u>	PDF 1-9, 11-15, 17-20
\ifpdf 3, 298	\pdfannot 141
ifpdf (package)	\pdflastobj 101
Ink 20	\pdflastxform 116
V	pdfIAT _E X 2, 8, 9, 19, 20
K	\pdfliteral 24, 52, 63, 87
keyval (package)	pdfmarks
${f L}$	\pdfobj 97
EATEX 2, 5, 7-9, 16, 17, 19	\pdfstringdef 92
2, 0, 7, 0, 10, 17, 10	\pdfxform 113
${f M}$	Popup
MIME 6, 15	print (option)
mimetype (option) 6-8	PushPin
\month 224	1 usin in
Movie	R
MPEG 6	
MPEG 6	$\verb \RequirePackage 10-12$
N	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
\mathbf{N} \noattachfile $3, \underline{273}, \underline{306}, 310$	$\verb \RequirePackage 10-12$
N	$\label{eq:RequirePackage} $$ \end{array} $$ \end{array} $$ 2, 10-12 $$ \end{array} $$ RequirePackageWithOptions 13 $$ RGB$
N \noattachfile 3 , $\underline{273}$, $\underline{306}$, 310 \notextattachfile . 3 -4, $\underline{284}$, 304 , 307	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
N \noattachfile 3 , 273 , 306 , 310 \notextattachfile . $3-4$, 284 , 304 , 307	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 RGB 15 S Sound 20
N \noattachfile β , 273 , 306 , 310 \notextattachfile . β -4, 284 , 304 , 307 O options	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 RGB 15 S Sound 20 Stamp 20
$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{N} \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 RGB 15 S Sound 20
$ \begin{array}{c} & \mathbf{N} \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 RGB 15 S Sound 20 Stamp 20
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB 15 S Sound 20 Stamp 20 subject (option) 6, 8
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 RGB 15 S Sound 20 Stamp 20 subject (option) 6, 8 T Tag 6, 9, 11, 15
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB 15 \\ SSUND Stamp 20 \Stamp 20 \subject (option) 6, 8 \\ Tag 6, 9, 11, 15 \Text{TEX 4, 5, 7, 12-14, 16}
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB 15 \\ S \\ Sound \\ Stamp \\ Subject (option) \\ T \\ Tag \\ TEX \\ 4, 5, 7, 12-14, 16 \\ textattachfile \\ 3, 264, 303 \\ textcolor \\ 181, 289
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 RGB 15 S Sound 20 Stamp 20 subject (option) 6, 8 T Tag 6, 9, 11, 15 TEX 4, 5, 7, 12-14, 16 \textattachfile 3, 264, 303 \textcolor 181, 289 \theatfi@appearanceobj 103, 135-137
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB 15 S Sound 20 \Stamp 20 \subject (option) 6, 8 T Tag 6, 9, 11, 15 TEX 4, 5, 7, 12-14, 16 \textattachfile 3, 264, 303 \textcolor 181, 289 \theatfi@appearanceobj 103, 135-137 \theatfi@embedfileobj 95, 157 \theatfi@flags 118, 152
N \noattachfile 3, 273, 306, 310 \notextattachfile 3-4, 284, 304, 307 O O options 4-5 aprevopt 8 author 5 prevopt 8 color 5 prevopt 8 date 5 prevopt 8 default values 8 description 5-6 prevopt 8	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB
N \noattachfile 3, 273, 306, 310 \notextattachfile 3-4, 284, 304, 307 O options 4-5 aprevopt 8 author 5 prevopt 8 color 5 prevopt 8 date 5 prevopt 8 default values 8 description 5-6 prevopt 8 icon 6	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB
N \\noattachfile 3, 273, 306, 310 \\notextattachfile 3-4, 284, 304, 307 \\ O options \\ appearance 4-5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ author 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ color 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ color 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ date 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ default values 8 \\ description 5-6 \\ prevopt 8 \\ description 5-6 \\ prevopt 8 \\ icon 6	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB
N \noattachfile 3, 273, 306, 310 \notextattachfile 3-4, 284, 304, 307 O options appearance 4-5 prevopt 8 author 5 prevopt 8 color 5 prevopt 8 date 5 prevopt 8 date 5 prevopt 8 default values 8 description 5-6 prevopt 8 icon 6 prevopt 8 icon 6 prevopt 8 mimetype 6-7	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB
N \\noattachfile 3, 273, 306, 310 \\notextattachfile 3-4, 284, 304, 307 \\ O options \\ appearance 4-5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ author 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ color 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ color 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ date 5 \\ prevopt 8 \\ default values 8 \\ description 5-6 \\ prevopt 8 \\ description 5-6 \\ prevopt 8 \\ icon 6	\RequirePackage 2, 10-12 \RequirePackageWithOptions 13 \RGB

\mathbf{V}	Y
VT _E X	\year 223
\mathbf{W}	
WYSIWYG 2	
X	${f z}$
XObject	$zoom (option) \dots 7-8$