

FiXme – a LATEX 2_ε package for inserting fixme notes in your documents *

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Abstract

In the process of writing a long document, it is a common practice to leave some parts unwritten or uncomplete, and come back to them later. In such cases, you probably want to stick clues about which parts need to be “fixed”, where they are located, and what needs to be done. This is what I call “fixme notes”. The purpose of this package is to provide you with convenient ways to insert **FiXme** notes in your documents.

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1 Description

With **FiXme**, you can insert different kinds of notes in your documents, ranging from simple not-so-important notices to critical stuff that must absolutely be fixed in the final version.

FiXme gives you full control on the layout of these notes: they can be displayed inline (directly in the text), as marginal paragraphs (the default), as footnotes and even as index entries. All these possibilities can be mixed together. Additionally, you can summarize all **FiXme** notes in a “list of fixme’s”.

FiXme notes are also recorded in the log file, and (depending on their importance level) some of them are displayed on the terminal during compilation. A final summary is also created at the end of the compilation process.

All these features are actually available when you’re working in **draft** mode. In **final** mode, the behavior is slightly different: any remaining critical note generates an error (the compilation aborts), while non critical ones are just removed from the document’s body (they’re still recorded in the log file though).

2 Using **FiXme**

First of all, please note that the **ifthen** and **verbatim** packages are required. You don’t have to load them explicitly though. As long as LATEX 2_ε can locate them, they will be used automatically.

*This document describes **FiXme** v3.1, release date 2005/01/31.

To use **FiXme**, simply say `\usepackage[⟨options⟩]{fixme}` in the preamble of your document.

2.1 Inserting notes

2.1.1 Macros

- `\fixme` The main command for inserting a **FiXme** note in your document is the `\fixme` macro. It takes the note to insert as its mandatory argument. Notes inserted via this command are considered fatal to your document's final processing (see section 2.2).
`\fxnote` As of version 2.0, **FiXme** provides three new macros that insert meta-comments about the document, rather than real fixmes. These comments have three different importance levels: note, warning and (non critical) error. The corresponding macros obey the same syntax as `\fixme`. However, none of the notes inserted via these macros are fatal.
`\fxwarning`
`\fxerror`

2.1.2 Environments

- `\anfxnote` As of version 3.0, **FiXme** provides environments for inserting longer notes. These environments take one optional argument (should be short, perhaps a summary of the note) that will be used in the list of `fixme`'s and in the index if required.
`\anfxwarning`
`\anfxerror`
`\afixme` The **FiXme** environments behave exactly the same way as their macro counterpart, except for the layout (see section 2.3): as they are meant for longer notes, the layout is always `inline` (and possibly `index` if so required). By default, **FiXme** environments are typeset in a quotation one.

2.2 Controlling the behavior of **FiXme**

- `\final` The global behavior of the package is controlled via the two standard options `final` and `draft`. These options are usually given to `\documentclass{}` which in turn passes them to all packages.

In `draft` mode, the notes are recorded in the log file, and appear in the text as specified by the layout settings (see section 2.3). Additionally, warnings, errors and fatal errors are also displayed on the terminal.

In `final` mode, non fatal notes (those generated by the `\fx*` commands) are still logged, but they're removed from the document's body. On the other hand, any remaining fatal note (generated by `\fixme`) will abort compilation with an informative message. This will help you track down forgotten important caveats in your document. Let me say it again: `final` documents can only have notes, warnings, and (non critical) errors left. Well, if, for some reason, you really want to compile in `final` mode with critical **FiXme** notes left behind, you always have the possibility to pass the `draft` option to **FiXme** directly...

The `final` mode has been chosen as the default because **LATEX 2 ε** itself behaves this way.

2.3 Controlling the notes layout

- `\inline` **FiXme** notes can appear in several forms (that can be combined) in your document.
`\margin` The forms currently supported are: inline (directly in the text), marginal notes,
`\footnote`
`\index`

footnotes, and index entries. To activate a particular layout, use the corresponding package option. By default, only the `margin` layout is active.

Each layout option has a counterpart that deactivates it. The counterpart option has the same name, prefixed with `no`. For instance, if you don't want marginal notes, use the `nomargin` option.

`\fixme[]`
`\fxnote[]`
`\fxwarning[]`
`\fxerror[]`

As of version 3.0, **FiXme** provides a way to change the selected layout(s) on a per-note basis: each note insertion command takes an optional first argument that overrides the global layout. This argument consists of one or more layout options (`inline`, `margin`, `footnote` and `index`) separated by commas. Remember that local layouts *override* the global ones; they don't add to it.

On what occasion would one want to modify the layout for a particular note ? Here is a typical situation: suppose you have a document in which **FiXme** notes are typeset as margin paragraphs (this is the default). You would not be able to put a note in a figure, because floats can't be nested in L^AT_EX (margin paragraphs are floats). In such a case, you would rather inline the note, which can be done with something like `\fixme[inline]{blah}`.

Finally, note that **FiXme** environments behave in a special way: they are always typeset `inline`, regardless of your layout settings (they respect your wish for an index though).

2.4 Controlling the notes logging

`silent`
`nosilent`

As well as being displayed in the document itself, all **FiXme** notes are “logged” in different ways: by default, simple notes are recorded in the log file while the others are also displayed on the terminal output.

You have the ability to suppress all kind of logging by using the `silent` option. By default, the behavior is that of `nosilent`.

2.5 List of **FiXme**'s

`\listoffixmes`

FiXme remembers where you put **FiXme** notes in a toc-like file whose extension is `.lox`. The `\listoffixmes` macro generates the list of all **FiXme** notes in a manner similar to that of the “list of figures” for instance. A standard layout is automatically used for the ‘article’, ‘report’, ‘book’ classes and their koma-script replacements. If another class is used, the ‘article’ layout is selected. Also, note that if no **FiXme** note remain in the document, this macro doesn't generate an empty list, but rather stays silent. It also stays silent in `final` mode, regardless of the presence of remaining notes.

3 Customizing **FiXme**

3.1 Customizing the notes layout

3.1.1 Macros

The `inline`, `margin` and `footnote` layouts have two parts: a “prefix” which depends on the note level, and the note itself. The prefix is one of “**FiXme** note:”, “**FiXme** warning:”, “**FiXme** error:” or simply “**FiXme**:”, and appears in bold. The note itself appears emphasized. These layouts are implemented thanks to the

`\FXInline`
`\FXMargin`
`\FXFootnote`

corresponding `\FX*` macros that you can redefine if you wish. Each such macro takes two mandatory arguments: the prefix and the note, in that order.

`\FXIndex` The `\FXIndex` macro is used for the `index` layout. All `FiXme` index entries appear under the “`FiXme`” key in the symbols section. There are 4 subcategories under this key, as many as there are note levels. By default, only the first 3 of them are used though (fatal errors do not appear under a subkey, but directly under the `FiXme` key). The notes are numbered in the index.

3.1.2 Environments

`\FXEnvBegin` The optional argument of `FiXme` environments is always typeset according to the `inline` layout described above. By default, `FiXme` uses a `quotation` for displaying the environments’ contents. If you want to change that, you can redefine the macros `\FXEnvBegin` and `\FXEnvEnd` that open and close the environments.

3.2 Customizing the notes logging

`\FXNote` If you want a finer control on logging, you can redefine the commands used to implement it. These commands (on the left) are the ones used by `\fxnote`, `\fxwarning`, `\fxerror` and `\fixme` respectively. They take the note itself as mandatory argument.

3.3 Fancy fruit salad layout

`user` If, for some totally unjustified reason, you are not happy with the available layouts,
`\FXUser` you have the ability to define your own: pass the `user` option to the package (it also has its `nouser` counterpart), and define an `\FXUser` macro in the following manner:

```
\newcommand{\FXUser}[2]{\langle fancy fruit salad layout job \rangle}
```

The arguments are the prefix, and the note itself, in that order.

Note that the `user` option can also be used in the optional argument of the notes insertion commands.

3.4 Internationalization

`english` `FiXme` currently supports English, French, Spanish, Italian, German and Danish.
`french` You can select the language you want to use by passing the corresponding option
`francais` (these options are usually given directly to `\documentclass{}` which in turn passes
`spanish` them to all packages). The `french` and `francais` options are synonyms. The
`italian` `german` and `ngerman` options are currently equivalent.

If you want a finer grain on the language-dependent parts of `FiXme`, the following macros are provided and can be redefined.

The `\fixme*prefix` macros define the prefix for the four different note levels. They make intensive use of the macro `\fixmelogos` ;)

The macro `\fixmeindexname` defines the main `FiXme` index key. The other ones define the different index subkeys for each note level. Please note that an empty name for a subkey means that you don’t actually want a subcategory (that’s the case by default for fatal errors). The corresponding notes will then appear directly under the main `FiXme` key. For that reason, a non empty subkey must end with an exclamation mark.

```
\fixmenoteprefix
\fixmewarningprefix
\fixmeerrorprefix
\fixmefatalprefix
\fixmelogos
\fixmeindexname
\fixmenoteindexname
\fixmewarningindexname
\fixmeerrorindexname
\fixmefatalindexname
```

`\listfixmename` `\listfixmename` defines the title for the “list of fixmes” section.

4 AUC- \TeX support

AUC- \TeX is a powerful major mode for editing \TeX documents in Emacs or XEmacs . In particular, it provides automatic completion of macro names once they are known. FiXme supports AUC- \TeX by providing a style file named `fixme.el` which contains AUC- \TeX definitions for the relevant macros. This file should be installed in a place where AUC- \TeX can find it (usually in a subdirectory of your LATEX styles directory). Please refer to the AUC- \TeX documentation for more information on this.

5 Changes

- v3.1 Fix bug reported by Arnold Beckmann: the environments were visible in final mode.
- v3.0 Added environments corresponding to the note insertion commands.
 - Added an optional first argument to the note insertion commands to change the layout locally.
 - Fix bug reported by Akim Demaille: marginal notes could mess up the document’s layout by flushing it right.
- v2.2 New option `silent` to suppress notes logging
 - Support for Danish thanks to Kim Rud Bille <`krbi01@control.auc.dk`>
- v2.1 Use `\nobreakspace` instead of the tilda character. This avoids conflicts with Babel in Spanish environments.
 - Fix bug reported by Knut Lickert: index entries were unconditionally built.
- v2.0 New feature: note levels
 - New feature: FiXme note counters and usage summary
 - Suggestions from Kasper B. Graversen <`kgbg@dkik.dk`>
 - Support for Spanish thanks to Agustín Martín <`agusmba@terra.es`>
- v1.5 New appearance option: `inline`.
- v1.4 Support for the koma-script classes
 - Fix bug reported by Ulf Jaenicke-Roessler: the `\listoffixmes` command didn’t work when called before the first FiXme note.
- v1.3 Support for Italian thanks to Riccardo Murri <`murri@phc.unipi.it`>
- v1.2 Support for German thanks to Harald Harders <`h.harders@tu-bs.de`>

6 The Code

`\fixmelogos` Here’s the preamble:

```

1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
2 \ProvidesPackage{fixme}[2005/01/31 v3.1
3                               Insert fixme notes in your documents]
4
5 \RequirePackage{ifthen}
6 \RequirePackage{verbatim}
7
8 \newcommand*\fixmeologo{\textsf{Fixme}}
9

```

6.1 List macros

\listoffixmes
\listoffixmes@final
\listoffixmes@draft

\listoffixmes is empty by default. The **final** or **draft** options will provide the proper definition. Lists are output in a document class dependant fashion. Classes currently recognized are article, report, book and their koma-script replacements.

In order to prevent the List of Fixme's chapter heading from being generated when there are no fixmes, a test on the existence of the lox file is performed. There's a slight bug left however: after removing the last fixme, one ends up with an empty lox file, so the heading still appear. Previously, this was done by checking if some fixmes were given, but that was buggy: the list of fixme's could not appear before the first fixme note... I should try to detect whether the file is empty.

```

10 \newcommand\listoffixmes{}
11 \def\listoffixmes@final{%
12 \def\listoffixmes@draft{%
13 \IfFileExists{\jobname.lox}{\@listoffixmes@pretoc}{%
14 \@starttoc{lox}}%
15 \IfFileExists{\jobname.lox}{\@listoffixmes@posttoc}{%
16 }%
17

```

\listfixmename In order to redefine the list title, users have to call \renewcommand. I don't like this much: it would be cleaner to provide a real command that redefines the title internally. However, I'll stick with the current scheme because it is consistent with the rest of L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} 's lists.

```

18 \newcommand*\listfixmename{}
19

```

6.1.1 Standard classes

\listoffixmes@pretoc@article
\listoffixmes@posttoc@article
\l@fixme@article

Let's start with the article version:

```

20 \def\@listoffixmes@pretoc@article{%
21   \section*{\listfixmename}%
22   \mkboth{\MakeUppercase\listfixmename}{\MakeUppercase\listfixmename}%
23 }%
24 \def\@listoffixmes@posttoc@article{}%
25 \def\l@fixme@article{\dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}%
26

```

\listoffixmes@pretoc@report
\listoffixmes@posttoc@report
\l@fixme@report

Here's the report version:

```

27 \def\@listoffixmes@pretoc@report{%
28   \if@twocolumn
29     \restonecoltrue\onecolumn
30   \else
31     \restonecolfalse
32   \fi
33   \chapter*{\listfixmename}%
34   \mkboth{\MakeUppercase\listfixmename}{\MakeUppercase\listfixmename}%
35 }
36 \def\@listoffixmes@posttoc@report{\if@restonecol\twocolumn\fi}
37 \def\l@fixme@report{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}
38

```

And here's the book version:

```

39 \def\@listoffixmes@pretoc@book{%
40   \if@twocolumn
41     \restonecoltrue\onecolumn
42   \else
43     \restonecolfalse
44   \fi
45   \chapter*{\listfixmename}%
46   \mkboth{\MakeUppercase\listfixmename}{\MakeUppercase\listfixmename}%
47 }
48 \def\@listoffixmes@posttoc@book{\if@restonecol\twocolumn\fi}
49 \def\l@fixme@book{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}
50

```

6.1.2 koma-script classes

Let's start with the scrartcl version:

```

51 \def\@listoffixmes@pretoc@scrartcl{%
52   \section*{\listfixmename}%
53   \mkboth{\listfixmename}{\listfixmename}%
54 }
55 \def\@listoffixmes@posttoc@scrartcl{}
56 \def\l@fixme@scrartcl{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}
57

```

Here's the scrreprt version:

```

58 \def\@listoffixmes@pretoc@scrreprt{%
59   \if@twocolumn
60     \restonecoltrue\onecolumn
61   \else
62     \restonecolfalse
63   \fi
64   \chapter*{\listfixmename}%
65   \mkboth{\listfixmename}{\listfixmename}%
66 }
67 \def\@listoffixmes@posttoc@scrreprt{\if@restonecol\twocolumn\fi}
68 \def\l@fixme@scrreprt{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}
69

```

And here's the scrbook version:

```

70 \def\@listoffixmes@pretoc@scrbook{%
71   \if@twocolumn
72     \restonocoltrue\onecolumn
73   \else
74     \restonocolfalse
75   \fi
76   \chapter*{\listfixmename}%
77   \mkboth{\listfixmename}{\listfixmename}}%
78 }
79 \def\@listoffixmes@posttoc@scrbook{\if@restonocol\twocolumn\fi}
80 \def\l@fixme@scrbook{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}
81

```

6.2 Layout macros

\FXInline The macros to implement different layouts for the fixme notes:

```

\FXMargin
\FXFootnote
82 \newcommand\FXInline[2]{%
83   \textbf{\#1}: \emph{\#2}}
84 \newcommand\FXMargin[2]{%
85   \marginpar[\footnotesize\raggedleft\textbf{\#1}: \emph{\#2}]}
86 \newcommand\FXFootnote[2]{%
87   \footnote{\textbf{\#1}: \emph{\#2}}}
88

```

\fixmeindexname The macros for index generation:

```

\FXIndex
89 \newcommand*\fixmeindexname{}
90 \newcommand\FXIndex[1]{%
91   \index{***@\fixmeindexname:\!#1}}
92

```

\fixmefatalprefix Apart from \fixmefatalprefix, the following macros are kept only to preserve backward compatibility. They are used only by critical notes and are made to call the new versions by default:

```

\FiXmeInline
\FiXmeMargin
\FiXmeFootnote
\FiXmeUser
\FiXmeIndex
\FiXmeInfo
\FiXmeWarning
93 \newcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{}
94 \newcommand\FiXmeInline[1]{\FXInline{\fixmefatalprefix}{#1}}
95 \newcommand\FiXmeMargin[1]{\FXMargin{\fixmefatalprefix}{#1}}
96 \newcommand\FiXmeFootnote[1]{\FXFootnote{\fixmefatalprefix}{#1}}
97 \newcommand\FiXmeUser[1]{}
98 \let\FiXmeUser\empty
99
100 \newcommand\FiXmeIndex[1]{\FXIndex{#1}}
101 \newcommand\FiXmeInfo[1]{}
102 \newcommand\FiXmeWarning[1]{}
103

```

Booleans that control which layouts are selected:

```

104 \newif\iffixme@inline
105 \newif\iffixme@margin
106 \newif\iffixme@footnote
107 \newif\iffixme@user
108 \newif\iffixme@index
109

```

\fixme@text This macro implements the common (textual) part of all notes:

```
110 \def\fixme@text#1#2{%
111   \iffixme@inline\FXInline{#1}{#2}\fi%
112   \iffixme@margin\FXMargin{#1}{#2}\fi%
113   \iffixme@footnote\FXFootnote{#1}{#2}\fi%
114   \iffixme@user\FXUser{#1}{#2}\fi%
115 }
```

Options that control which layouts are selected:

```
116 \DeclareOption{inline}{\fixme@inlinetrue}
117 \DeclareOption{noinline}{\fixme@inlinefalse}
118 \DeclareOption{margin}{\fixme@margintrue}
119 \DeclareOption{nomargin}{\fixme@marginfalse}
120 \DeclareOption{footnote}{\fixme@footnotetrue}
121 \DeclareOption{nofootnote}{\fixme@footnotefalse}
122 \DeclareOption{user}{\fixme@usertrue}
123 \DeclareOption{nouser}{\fixme@userfalse}
124 \DeclareOption{index}{\fixme@indextrue}
125 \DeclareOption{noindex}{\fixme@indexfalse}
126 
```

The following options are here for backward compatibility, but are not used anymore:

```
127 \DeclareOption{info}{}
128 \DeclareOption{noinfo}{}
129 \DeclareOption{warning}{}
130 \DeclareOption{nowarning}{}
131 
```

6.3 Logging macros

\FXNote The macros for controlling logging (log file and terminal output):

```
\FXWarning
\FXError
\FXFatal
132 \newcommand\FXNote[1]{%
133   \GenericInfo{%
134     (Fixme)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces}{%
135       Package Fixme Note: '#1'}}}
136 \newcommand\FXWarning[1]{%
137   \PackageWarning{Fixme}{'#1'}}
138 \newcommand\FXError[1]{%
139   \GenericWarning{%
140     (Fixme)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces}{%
141       Package Fixme Error: '#1'}}}
142 \newcommand\FXFatal[1]{%
143   \GenericWarning{%
144     (Fixme)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces}{%
145       Package Fixme: '#1'}}}
146 
```

Boolean that control whether to stay silent or not:

```
147 \newif\iffixme@silent
148 
```

Options that control whether to be silent or not:

```

149 \DeclareOption{silent}{\fixme@silenttrue}
150 \DeclareOption{nosilent}{\fixme@silentfalse}
151

```

6.4 FiXme notes

<pre>\thefixmecount \thefixmenotecount \thefixmewarningcount \thefixmeerrorcount \thefixmefatalcount</pre>	Here are the counters: <pre>152 \newcounter{fixmecount} 153 \newcounter{fixmenotecount} 154 \newcounter{fixmewarningcount} 155 \newcounter{fixmeerrorcount} 156 \newcounter{fixmefatalcount}</pre>
<pre>\fixmenoteprefix \fixmenoteindexname \fixme@note@draft \fixme@note@final</pre>	The different flavors of fixme notes. Proper definitions will be selected by the draft or final options. Let's start with the note notes: <pre>158 \newcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{} 159 \newcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{} 160 \def\fixme@note@draft#1{% 161 \fixme@text{\fixmenoteprefix}{#1}% 162 \iffixme@index\FXIndex{\fixmenoteindexname\thefixmenotecount: #1}\fi% 163 \iffixme@silent\else\FXNote{#1}\fi% 164 \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmenoteprefix: #1}% 165 \def\fixme@note@final#1{% 166 \iffixme@silent\else\FXNote{#1}\fi% 167 \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmenoteprefix: #1}% 168 }</pre>
<pre>\fixmewarningprefix \fixmewarningindexname \fixme@warning@draft \fixme@warning@final</pre>	Here are the warnings notes: <pre>169 \newcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{} 170 \newcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{} 171 \def\fixme@warning@draft#1{% 172 \fixme@text{\fixmewarningprefix}{#1}% 173 \iffixme@index\FXIndex{\fixmewarningindexname\thefixmewarningcount: #1}\fi% 174 \iffixme@silent\else\FXWarning{#1}\fi% 175 \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmewarningprefix: #1}% 176 \def\fixme@warning@final#1{% 177 \iffixme@silent\else\FXWarning{#1}\fi% 178 \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmewarningprefix: #1}% 179 }</pre>
<pre>\fixmeerrorprefix \fixmeerrorindexname \fixme@error@draft \fixme@error@final</pre>	Here are the errors notes: <pre>180 \newcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{} 181 \newcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{} 182 \def\fixme@error@draft#1{% 183 \fixme@text{\fixmeerrorprefix}{#1}% 184 \iffixme@index\FXIndex{\fixmeerrorindexname\thefixmeerrorcount: #1}\fi% 185 \iffixme@silent\else\FXError{#1}\fi% 186 \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmeerrorprefix: #1}% 187 \def\fixme@error@final#1{% 188 \iffixme@silent\else\FXError{#1}\fi% 189 \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmeerrorprefix: #1}% 190 }</pre>

```

\fixmefatalindexname And here are the fatal ones:
\fixme@fatal@draft
\fixme@fatal@final 191 \newcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
192 \def\fixme@fatal@draft#1{%
193   \iffixme@inline\FiXmeInline{#1}\fi%
194   \iffixme@margin\FiXmeMargin{#1}\fi%
195   \iffixme@footnote\FiXmeFootnote{#1}\fi%
196   \iffixme@user\FiXmeUser{#1}\fi%
197   \iffixme@index\FiXmeIndex{%
198     \fixmefatalindexname\thefixmefatalcount: #1}\fi%
199   \iffixme@silent\else\FXFatal{#1}\fi%
200   \addcontentsline{lox}{fixme}{\fixmefatalprefix: #1}}
201 \def\fixme@fatal@final#1{%
202   \PackageError{FiXme}{‘#1’ fixme left in final version}{%
203     You are processing your document in final mode.\MessageBreak
204     but you still have some critical FiXme’s left behind.\MessageBreak
205     Type X to quit, fix your document, and rerun LaTeX.}}
206

\@fixme Here are the notes insertion macros. The different versions are \let to the draft
\fxnote of final flavors defined above by the draft or final options.

\fxwarning
\fxerror
\fixme 207 \def\@@fixme#1#2{%
208   \stepcounter{fixmecount}%
209   \stepcounter{fixme#1count}%
210   \csname fixme@#1\endcsname{#2}%
211 \def\@fixme#1[#2]#3{%
212   \bgroup%
213   \fixme@inlinemode%
214   \fixme@marginmode%
215   \fixme@footnotemode%
216   \fixme@usermode%
217   \fixme@indexmode%
218   \@for\fixme@option:=#2\do{%
219     \expandafter\ifx\csname fixme@\fixme@option true\endcsname\relax
220       \PackageError{FiXme}{Unknown layout option ‘\fixme@option’}{%
221         You have given an invalid option to \string\fixme, %
222         or an \string\fx command.\MessageBreak
223         Valid options are ‘inline’, ‘margin’, ‘footnote’ and ‘index’.%\MessageBreak
224         Type X to quit, fix your document, and rerun LaTeX.}%
225       \else%
226         \csname fixme@\fixme@option true\endcsname%
227       \fi}%
228   \@@fixme{#1}{#3}%
229   \egroup}
230
231 \newcommand\fxnote{\@ifnextchar[%
232   {\@fixme{note}}{\@@fixme{note}}}
233 \newcommand\fxwarning{\@ifnextchar[%
234   {\@fixme{warning}}{\@@fixme{warning}}}
235 \newcommand\fxerror{\@ifnextchar[%
236   {\@fixme{error}}{\@@fixme{error}}}
237 \newcommand\fixme{\@ifnextchar[%
238   {\@fixme{fatal}}{\@@fixme{fatal}}}
239

```

6.5 FiXme environments

The FiXme environments use the corresponding macro version to handle inline (and possibly index) layout, and to perform logging. In final mode, verbatim's `comment` environment is used to suppress output.

```
240 \newcommand{\FXEnvBegin}{\begin{quotation}}
241 \newcommand{\FXEnvEnd}{\end{quotation}}
242
243 \def\@fxenvbegin@draft#1#2{%
244   \FXEnvBegin
245   \edef\fixme@args{inline\iffixme@index,\index\fi}%
246   \csname#1\endcsname[\fixme@args]{#2}}
247 \def\@fxenvbegin@final#1#2{%
248   \edef\fixme@args{inline\iffixme@index,\index\fi}%
249   \csname#1\endcsname[\fixme@args]{#2}
250   \comment
251 }
252
253 \def\@fxenvend@draft{\FXEnvEnd}
254 \def\@fxenvend@final{\endcomment}
255
256 \newenvironment{anfxnote}[1][]{%
257   \@fxenvbegin{fxnote}{#1}}{%
258   \@fxenvend}
259 \newenvironment{anfxwarning}[1][]{%
260   \@fxenvbegin{fxwarning}{#1}}{%
261   \@fxenvend}
262 \newenvironment{anfxerror}[1][]{%
263   \@fxenvbegin{fxerror}{#1}}{%
264   \@fxenvend}
265 \newenvironment{afixme}[1][]{%
266   \@fxenvbegin{fixme}{#1}}{%
267   \@fxenvend}
268
```

6.6 Language processing

Options that control which language is selected:

```
269 \DeclareOption{english}{%
270   \renewcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Note}
271   \renewcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Warning}
272   \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Error}
273   \renewcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{\fixmelog}
274   \renewcommand*\fixmeindexname{\fixmelog}
275   \renewcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{**a@Notes:!}
276   \renewcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{**b@Warnings:!}
277   \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{**c@Errors:!}
278   \renewcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
279   \renewcommand*{\listfixmename}{List of Corrections}
280 \DeclareOption{french}{%
281   \renewcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Note}
282   \renewcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Attention}
283   \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Erreur}
284   \renewcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{\fixmelog}
```

```

285 \renewcommand*\fixmeindexname{\fixmelog}
286 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{**a@Notes:!}
287 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{**b@Avertissements:!}
288 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{**c@Erreurs:!}
289 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
290 \renewcommand*\listfixmename{Liste des Corrections}
291 \DeclareOption{francais}{\ExecuteOptions{french}}
292 \DeclareOption{spanish}{%
293 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Nota}
294 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Aviso}
295 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Error}
296 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{\fixmelog}
297 \renewcommand*\fixmeindexname{\fixmelog}
298 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{**a@Notas:!}
299 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{**b@Avisos:!}
300 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{**c@Errores:!}
301 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
302 \renewcommand*\listfixmename{Lista de Correcciones}
303 \DeclareOption{italian}{%
304 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Nota}
305 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Avviso}
306 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Errore}
307 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{\fixmelog}
308 \renewcommand*\fixmeindexname{\fixmelog}
309 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{**a@Note:!}
310 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{**b@Avvisi:!}
311 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{**c@Errori:!}
312 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
313 \renewcommand*\listfixmename{Corrigenda}
314 \DeclareOption{german}{%
315 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Anm}
316 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Warnung}
317 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Fehler}
318 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{\fixmelog}
319 \renewcommand*\fixmeindexname{\fixmelog}
320 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{**a@Anmerkungen:!}
321 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{**b@Warnungen:!}
322 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{**c@Fehler:!}
323 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
324 \renewcommand*\listfixmename{Verzeichnis der Korrekturen}
325 \DeclareOption{ngerman}{%
326 \ExecuteOptions{german}}
327 \DeclareOption{danish}{%
328 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Note}
329 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Advarsel}
330 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorprefix{\fixmelog\nobreakspace Fejl}
331 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalprefix{\fixmelog}
332 \renewcommand*\fixmeindexname{\fixmelog}
333 \renewcommand*\fixmenoteindexname{**a@Noter:!}
334 \renewcommand*\fixmewarningindexname{**b@Advarsler:!}
335 \renewcommand*\fixmeerrorindexname{**c@Fejl:!}
336 \renewcommand*\fixmefatalindexname{}
337 \renewcommand*\listfixmename{Rettelser}}
338

```

6.7 Document status processing

```
\fixme@note Here's where the draft or final version of the internal macros are selected.  
\fixme@warning  
\fixme@error 339 \DeclareOption{final}{  
340   \let\fixme@note\fixme@note@final  
341   \let\fixme@warning\fixme@warning@final  
342   \let\fixme@error\fixme@error@final  
343   \let\fixme@fatal\fixme@fatal@final  
344   \let@fxenvbegin@\fxenvbegin@final  
345   \let@fxenvend@\fxenvend@final  
346   \let\listoffixmes\listoffixmes@final  
347 }  
348  
349 \DeclareOption{draft}{  
350   \let\fixme@note\fixme@note@draft  
351   \let\fixme@warning\fixme@warning@draft  
352   \let\fixme@error\fixme@error@draft  
353   \let\fixme@fatal\fixme@fatal@draft  
354   \let@fxenvbegin@\fxenvbegin@draft  
355   \let@fxenvend@\fxenvend@draft  
356   \let\listoffixmes\listoffixmes@draft  
357   \@ifclassloaded{article}{  
358     \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@article  
359     \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@article  
360     \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@article{  
361       \@ifclassloaded{report}{  
362         \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@report  
363         \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@report  
364         \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@report{  
365           \@ifclassloaded{book}{  
366             \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@book  
367             \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@book  
368             \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@book{  
369               \@ifclassloaded{scrartcl}{  
370                 \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@scrartcl  
371                 \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@scrartcl  
372                 \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@scrartcl{  
373                   \@ifclassloaded{scrreprt}{  
374                     \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@scrreprt  
375                     \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@scrreprt  
376                     \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@scrreprt{  
377                       \@ifclassloaded{scrbook}{  
378                         \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@scrbook  
379                         \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@scrbook  
380                         \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@scrbook{  
381                           %% Use the article layout by default.  
382                           \let@listoffixmes@pretoc@\listoffixmes@pretoc@article  
383                           \let@listoffixmes@posttoc@\listoffixmes@posttoc@article  
384                           \let\l@fixme\l@fixme@article{  
385                         }  
386                       }  
387                   }  
388               }  
389 } }
```

```
390  }
391
```

Put us in `english` and `final` mode, and enable the marginal notes.

```
392 \ExecuteOptions{english,final,margin,nosilent}
393 \ProcessOptions*
```

```
394
```

Finally, ensure backward compatibility for `\fixme` with `\FiXmeUser`, and output a summary giving the number of fixme notes at the end of the compilation:

```
395 \AtBeginDocument{%
396   \ifx\FiXmeUser\empty
397     \renewcommand\FiXmeUser[1]{\FXUser{\fixmefatalprefix}{#1}}
398   \fi
399
400 \AtEndDocument{%
401   \GenericWarning{%
402     (FiXme)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
403   }{%
404     Package FiXme Summary: Number of notes: \thefixmenotecount,\MessageBreak%
405     Number of warnings: \thefixmewarningcount,\MessageBreak%
406     Number of errors: \thefixmeerrorcount,\MessageBreak%
407     Number of fatal errors: \thefixmefatalcount,\MessageBreak%
408     Total: \thefixmecount@gobble%
409   }}}
```

Well, I think that's it. Enjoy using `FiXme`!